### WHAT IS STRESS?

- STRESS IS A NORMAL RESPONSE when we feel threatened by something
- It can be a real/imagined danger your body will respond in the same way
- We are not all stressed by the same things & we do not all respond in the same way

#### Things that often cause exam stress:

- Parental/School pressure
- peer pressure
- Comparing yourself to others
- Fear of what will happen if fail
- Fear of the unknown
- Fear of letting yourself down

When stressed, your body automatically releases hormones to save it from danger - known as **Fight**, **Flight**, **Freeze** 

## FIGHT, FLIGHT, FREEZE

We are pre-programmed for survival! In the event of danger, our body will:

FIGHT – take on the danger FLIGHT – run from the danger FREEZE – play dead/ ignore and hope the danger goes away

Your brain immediately tells your body there is danger and releases 3 hormones:

**Adrenaline** increased reactions, surge of energy, tense muscles, heart

racing, sweating, focuses attention

Noradrenaline increases focus, shifts blood flow to large muscles

'stress hormone' stops non-essential body functions, stops

'thinking' clearly and rationing

When the stressful situation has passed, the body returns to normal and the hormones stop. However, if we experience stressful situations for **long** periods of time, then it can affect us in a negative way.

Cortisol

### SYMPTOMS OF STRESS





Difficulty sleeping/waking Constantly tired Forgetful Unexplained aches & pains Poor appetite Loss of interest in activities Increased irritability Increased heart rate Migraines/ headaches Blurred vision Dizziness Difficulty focusing/concentrating

Negative/ low mood

Feeling tense



#### MANAGING STRESS

There are many ways to manage stress (these may not work for everyone)

- BE ACTIVE exercise releases happy hormones
- GET ENOUGH SLEEP create a consistent bedtime routine 8-9 hours
- HAVE 'ME' TIME take part in things that you feel relaxing/ fun
- GO OUTSIDE fresh air and sunshine
- SET YOURSELF CHALLENEGES achievable targets develop resilience
- BE POSITIVE/ GRATEFUL look for the good things that are happening
- ACCEPT THERE ARE THINGS YOU CANNOT CHANGE focus on things you can control
- EAT PROPERLY
- WORK-LIFE BALANCE
- CONNECT WITH OTHER PEOPLE don't isolate yourself

# RELAXATION TECHNIQUES

Square breathing
Belly breathing
Progressive relaxation
2 x Playlists – relaxing music, uplifting music
Mindfulness
Meditation
Yoga

Exercise, walking



- Preparing for an interview
- Perform well in sports/ competition
- Stand up for ourselves
- Run from danger
- Protect ourselves



